

An Easy Quiz with Answers:

(1) How would you check the default search path for your account, and what is it (list only the first four entries)?

SOL:

Default search path:

Two main ways to determine: (1) `printenv PATH` or (2) `echo $PATH`

(2) Give a single command (line) that will print out the number of files (files in a generic sense) in the current working directory. (Hint: use piping and a filter.)

SOL:

`ls -A | wc -l`

(3) Suppose that I do `ls -l test`, and see a line like:

```
-rw-r-x--x    2    carver faculty      1732   Jan 23 20:39  test:
```

- a) Show two commands that one could use to change the access permissions on (the above mentioned file) `test`, so that `carver` has read and write access only, (other) members of `faculty` have read access only, and all other users have no access.
- b) What is the simplest command for adding write permissions to `test` for all users (without changing any other permissions)?
- c) Show two different versions (i.e., different options) of the `ps` command, that will show all processes on a system, and show (at least) the following information about each process: (1) PID, (2) owner/UID, (3) the command being run, (4) start time/date, and (5) total CPU time.
- d) Give a command that would definitely terminate a process whose PID is 4513 (assuming the user has permission to terminate the process).

SOL:

- a) . Setting all permissions:
Numeric `chmod`: `chmod 640 test`
Symbolic `chmod`: `chmod u=rw,g=r,o= test`
(Note: must have `o=` or any current setting won't be changed)
- b) . Adding write for everyone:
`chmod a+w test` or even just `chmod +w test`
- c) . Two different versions of the `ps` command:
The standard options for this are:
`ps aux`
`ps -ef`
`ps -eF`
- d). Command to terminate process whose pid is 4513:
`kill -9 4513` or equivalently `kill -SIGKILL 4513` to definitely terminate.