



**Take Home Exam 7**  
**Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs)**

**Q1.** (*Solving Simple Differential Equations*) Solve the following ordinary differential equations (ODEs) by simple integration.

(i)  $y' - 4 \cos 2\pi x = 0$

(ii)  $y' + x e^{-x^2} = 0$

**Q2.** (*Verification of a solution*) Verify that  $y$  is a solution of the given ODE and determine from  $y$  the particular solution corresponding to the initial value given.

(i)  $y' + 2x y = 4$ ,  $y = c e^{-x^2}$ ,  $y(0) = 2$

(ii)  $y' = 2(y - y^2)$ ,  $y = \frac{1}{1+c e^{-2x}}$ ,  $y(0) = 0.5$

**Q3.** (*Half-life*) Radioactive decay is governed by the ODE  $y' = k y$  where  $y$  is the amount of radioactive element. Radium  $^{224}_{88}\text{Ra}$  has a half-life of about 4 days.

(a) Given 1 gram, how much will still be present after 1 day?

(b) After 1 year?

**Q4.** (*Separable ODEs*) Find a general solution. Check your answer by substitution.

(i)  $y^3 y' - x^2 = 0$

(ii)  $y' = (\sec y)^2$

**Q5.** (*Reduction to Separable Form*) By setting  $u = y/x$ , find a general solution. If an initial value is given, find the corresponding particular solution.

(i)  $x y' = y^2 + y$

(ii)  $x y' = y + 3x^4 \cos^2(y/x)$ ,  $y(1) = 0$

**Q6.** (*Reduction to Separable Form*) By setting  $u$  as suggested, find a general solution. If an initial value is given, find the corresponding particular solution.

(i)  $y' = (y + 4x)^2$  (Set  $u = y + 4x$ )

(ii)  $y' = (x + y - 2)^2$ ,  $y(0) = 2$  (Set  $u = x + y - 2$ )